

Unveiling the Hidden Reality: Is Disability Under-Reported in India?

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Introduction:

In a heartwarming tale of friendship and determination, a group of friends embarked on a mission to locate and support their long-lost classmate, Aruna, who had been living with significant disabilities. Little did they know that their quest would uncover a startling truth about the under-reporting of disability rates in India. Inspired by their experience, their research aims to shed light on the dire need for accurate data collection and improved support systems for persons with disabilities (PwD) in the country.

The Search for Aruna:

Years after their graduation from Ruparell Junior College in Mumbai, the friends gathered for a reunion and wondered about Aruna's whereabouts. They discovered that she had survived a coma caused by a rare form of viral meningitis, leaving her with limited control over her limbs and speech. Their determination led them to Pune, where they found Aruna residing in an unsuitable old age home, devoid of the specialized care she required.

The Startling Discovery:

Motivated by Aruna's plight, the friends delved deeper into the challenges faced by PwD in India. They were alarmed to learn that the disability rate (DR) reported by national surveys was an astonishingly low 2.2%, contradicting the World Health Organization's estimate of 16% for the global population. This inconsistency prompted the researchers to question the accuracy of the data

and explore potential reasons behind the under-reporting.

Factors Contributing to Under-Reporting:

The research highlighted various factors influencing the under-reporting of disability rates in India. Poorly designed survey questions, inconsistencies in data collection methods, and the stigma associated with disabilities all played a role. The social stigma surrounding disabilities in India often discourages individuals from admitting their challenges, resulting in skewed data and inadequate representation of PwD.

The Urgent Need for Accurate Data:

The researchers emphasized the importance of accurate data collection to address the needs of PwD effectively. They proposed activity-based surveys as a more reliable approach, citing examples from countries such as Poland, the UK, Brazil, Canada, and the US, where such methods yielded higher disability rate estimates. By adopting consistent and comprehensive data collection methods, India could obtain a clearer picture of its disability landscape, leading to improved support from both government and private organizations.

The Consequences of Under-Reporting:

The consequences of under-reporting were evident in the limited availability of managed care facilities for PwD in India. The insufficient government funding, based on inaccurate disability rate data, led to meager budgets per person with disabilities. Consequently, appropriate care and specialized rehabilitation facilities were scarce, leaving many individuals, like Aruna, languishing in inappropriate and inadequate environments.

Recommendations for HR Professionals:

Foster Inclusive Workplace Policies:

HR professionals should actively promote inclusive policies that accommodate the needs of employees with disabilities. This includes providing reasonable accommodations, accessibility measures, and flexible work arrangements.

Raise Awareness and Sensitize Workforce:

Conduct awareness campaigns and training sessions to educate employees about disabilities, debunk misconceptions, and foster a culture of empathy and inclusion.

Encourage Disclosure and Open Communication:

Create a safe and non-discriminatory environment that encourages employees to disclose their disabilities voluntarily. Foster open communication channels to address their needs and provide the necessary support.

Collaborate with Disability Organizations:

Establish partnerships with disability advocacy groups and organizations to gain insights, best

practices, and resources for supporting employees with disabilities.

Offer Sensible Accommodations:

Ensure that workplace facilities, equipment, and technologies are accessible and adaptable to the needs of individuals with disabilities. Provide reasonable accommodations such as assistive devices, modified workstations, and accessible restrooms.

Promote Career Development Opportunities:

Implement mentorship programs, career advancement initiatives, and training opportunities to support the professional growth and inclusion of employees with disabilities.

Conclusion:

The journey to locate Aruna revealed a deeply concerning issue: the under-reporting of disability rates in India. This eye-opening experience has prompted a passionate group of friends to embark on a research endeavor aimed at exposing this hidden reality. By advocating for improved data collection methods and raising awareness about the true prevalence of disabilities, they hope to secure better support systems for the millions of individuals living with disabilities in India. Only through accurate data can effective planning and allocation of resources occur, ultimately transforming the lives of persons with disabilities and promoting inclusivity in Indian society. HR professionals play a vital role in driving this change, fostering inclusive workplace practices, and ensuring equal opportunities for all employees.

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